## **U.S. PATENT APPLICATION**

for

## MULTIPLE CREDIT CARD MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

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MULTIPLE CREDIT CARD MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION** 

Field of the Invention

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The present invention relates generally to a universal card to manage multiple

accounts. In particular, the present invention relates to a credit/debit card that

allows a person to make a credit purchase using a single universal credit card that is

associated with pre-established credit accounts. The amount of the purchase is

charged to one or more of the pre-established credit accounts based on

predetermined criteria chosen by the user.

Discussion of the Related Art

When making a credit card purchase, a person typically selects a

MasterCard™ or Visa™ card to enable the person to make a purchase or acquire a

cash advance according to a particular card's credit/cash advance limit. The

standard cards also include substantial annual fees, late payment charges and

overdraft fees. In fact, the majority of the accounts will allow a person to incur an

overdraft in order to avoid personal embarrassment. In this case, the fees incurred

from the overdraft may even be larger than the actual purchase itself.

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The credit industry is a multibillion dollar market where over 80% of revenue

is directly attributable to "miscellaneous fees" including late/overdraft fees as

opposed to interest revenue on the borrowed money. Therefore, it is obviously in

the credit industry's best interest not to create systems that allow card holders to

avoid these "miscellaneous fees" by properly managing their accounts while

optimizing their payments so that the lowest interest card is always the primary card

that is paid off first.

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In the current credit environment, a person also typically has several credit

cards from the same institutions. The majority of card issuers from these institutions

allow a person to access account information via the Internet where the person may

make payments, view statements and edit personal information. The person directs

their browser to the particular site and enters a password for each individual card

even if they have several cards with the same institution. In some cases, a person

also has to enter multiple login names at the same site as well as multiple

passwords associated with each login name.

The use of several different cards when making a purchase also increases

the risk of fraud. It is relatively easy for a person to make a credit purchase using a

stolen card. Few merchants actually refuse the purchase if the signature on the

back of the card does not appear to match the person's signature on the credit slip.

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What is needed, therefore, to overcome these inherent limitations of making a credit purchase based on multiple credit cards is a single universal credit card that enables a person to make a purchase based on a predefined criteria as applied to several preestablished credit accounts associated with the universal card.

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## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to one aspect of the invention, a method for coordinating the management of credit between an Internet user and a plurality of lending institutions via the Internet, includes the steps of receiving account information on at least one credit account from the plurality of lending institutions or the Internet user, storing the account information in a database, receiving selection criteria from the Internet user specifying conditions under which each of the at least one credit account is authorized to be used, receiving from a merchant a request for authorization of a transaction, processing the request including selecting one of the at least one credit account to be used for the transaction, transmitting the account information corresponding to the selected account to the lending institution associated with the selected account, receiving an authorization status from the lending institution. selecting a different account to request authorization from the lending institution associated with the selected account if the authorization status is a denial, and transmitting the authorization status to the merchant.

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According to another aspect of the invention, a network system for

coordinating the management of credit between an Internet user and a plurality of

lending institutions via the Internet includes a database for storing and receiving

account information, means for receiving account information on at least one credit

account from the plurality of lending institutions or the Internet user, means for

storing the account information in a database, means for receiving selection criteria

from the Internet user specifying conditions under which each of the at least one

credit account is authorized to be used, means for receiving from a merchant a

request for authorization of a transaction, means for processing the request

including selecting one of the at least one credit account to be used for the

transaction, means for transmitting the account information corresponding to the

selected account to the lending institution associated with the selected account,

means for receiving an authorization status from the lending institution, means for

selecting a different account to request authorization from the lending institution

associated with the selected account if the authorization status is a denial, and

means for transmitting the authorization status to the merchant.

According to yet another aspect of the invention, a network system for

coordinating the management of credit between an Internet user and a plurality of

lending institutions via the Internet includes a database for storing and receiving

account information, a magstripe writing device configured to write data to a

magstripe on a card corresponding to a particular account, means for receiving

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account information on at least one credit account from the plurality of lending

institutions or the Internet user, means for storing the account information in a

database, and means for receiving selection criteria from the Internet user specifying

which credit account information is to be written by the magstripe writing device on

the card.

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These and other objects, features, and advantages of the invention will

become apparent to those skilled in the art from the following detailed description

and the accompanying drawings. It should be understood, however, that the

detailed description and specific examples, while indicating preferred embodiments

of the present invention, are given by way of illustration and not of limitation. Many

changes and modifications may be made within the scope of the present invention

without departing from the spirit thereof, and the invention includes all such

modifications.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

A clear understanding of the various advantages and features of the present

invention, as well as the construction and operation of conventional components and

mechanisms associated with the present invention, will become more readily

apparent by referring to the exemplary, and therefore non-limiting, embodiments

illustrated in the following drawings which accompany and form a part of this patent

specification.

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FIGURE 1 is an illustration of the multiple credit card management system

according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 2 is an illustration of a front side of a universal card according to the

preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 3 is an illustration of a back side of a universal card according to the

preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 4 is an illustration of a multiple credit card management system

gateway and interface according to the preferred embodiment of the present

invention;

FIGURE 5 is an illustration of the database associated with the multiple credit

card management system according to the preferred embodiment of the present

invention;

5 FIGURE 6 is an illustration of the activation of the system according to the

preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 7 is an illustration of personal security of a universal card according

to the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

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FIGURE 8 is an illustration of transaction choices in a multiple credit card

management system according to the preferred embodiment of the present

invention;

FIGURE 9 is an illustration of a customer service center of a universal card

according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 10 is an illustration of a contact transaction according to the

preferred embodiment of the present invention;

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FIGURE 11 is an illustration of a frequently asked questions transaction

according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention; and

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FIGURE 12 is an illustration of the accounts in the multiple credit card management system according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring to FIGURES 1-3, a universal card 10 allows a person to make a

purchase based on predefined criteria. Card 10 includes a memory 12 that is able to

store data. Memory 12, however, is not required for card 10 to be used. In

particular, card 10 also includes a credit strip 14 and a telephone strip 16. Strips 14

and 16 are placed on card 10 a particular distance from a top edge 18 and a bottom

edge 20 to enable card 10 to be inserted by the merchant in a standard card reader

so that either strip is easily read.

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In one embodiment of the present invention, card 10 is inserted in a stand-

alone PDA-type device 22. Device 22 includes a bar code writer that rewrites strips

14 and/or 16 based on accounts that are chosen by the user. In this regard, reader

22 interfaces via a communication line 24 with a web-based multiple credit

management system 26.

Management system 26 includes a large-scale database 28 that stores

comprehensive data relating to every credit account associated with each user of

system 26.

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Communication line 26 may be a telephone modem, a high speed internet

cable, a wireless system, or any other communication link that is well-known by one

skilled in the art.

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5 In an alternative embodiment of the present invention, device 22 is integrated

into a personal computer 30 and data from database 28 is stored on a removable

storage medium 32 to eliminate the necessity of communicating with management

system 26 over communication line 26. This is useful in the event management

system 26 is temporarily inoperable or a communication line is unavailable, yet a

user needs to rewrite strips 14 or 16 with different account information.

Assuming computer 30 is linked with a printer 34, a user may easily print out

a history of all credit transactions stored in memory 12 for a particular day, week,

month, etc. This transaction information can also be automatically uploaded into

database 28 via communication line 24.

As illustrated in FIGURE 4, after card 10 is inserted into a card reader 36 and

swiped by a merchant, information is transmitted via a dataline 38 to management

system 26 that serves as a universal card gateway for transactions. Database 28

associated with management system 26 includes all relevant data necessary to

complete a purchase including specific credit account numbers, account limits,

interest rates, minimum payment data, etc.

The particular account that is chosen by database 28 for a transaction is

determined by a person prior to the purchase. For example, the person may decide

to charge all purchases to the account with the lowest interest rate that has the

funds available for the particular purchase.

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Based on the predefined criteria, universal card gateway 26 gueries an

authorizing entity 40 via a dataline 42 to determine whether a successful transaction

can be completed. Authorizing entity 40 is a credit card gateway that routes the

transaction request via dataline 44 to the appropriate bank 46 that issued the

particular account.

Bank 46 responds to the transaction request by issuing a query to its

associated database 48, and then transmitting the results of the transaction request

back to credit card gateway 40 via line 44. Credit card gateway 40 determines

which bank to route the transmission request to based on its associated database

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The result of the transaction request is transmitted back to the merchant via

line 38 by management system 26 as either the transaction is authorized or

declined. Various codes associated with the status of the transaction are also

transmitted via line 38 as further explanation of the transaction (e.g., if approved, an

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approval code is transmitted; if declined, a reason for the disapproval of the request

is transmitted – insufficient funds, over the limit, expired card, etc.).

If management system 26 does not received authorization for an approved

transaction via line 42 from gateway 40, system 26 may issue another transaction

request based on an alternative account. In this regard, system 26 iterates through

all of the available accounts based on the user predefined criteria to attempt to

successfully complete the transaction. This process of issuing several queries to

gateway 40 is transparent to the merchant and, if possible, a "decline" code is not

sent to reader 36 unless and until all of the credit account possibilities are

exhausted.

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In operation, when a merchant scans card 10, system 26 interfaces with

credit card gateway 40 to authenticate whether the user is enrolled in the "verified by

Visa" or "MasterCard SecureCode" or other appropriate card associations. The

authentication request is forwarded via line 44 to the appropriate issuing bank 46 for

approval of the transaction. The status of approval is then transmitted back by bank

46 to gateway 40 and then the merchant via management system 26.

Magstripe 14 or 16 on the back of card 10 can be "written" because the tiny

bar magnets are magnetized in either a north or south pole direction. Strips 14 or 16

are similar to a cassette tape. The magnets are iron-based magnetic particles in a

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plastic-like film. Each particle is really a very tiny bar magnet about 20 millionths of an inch long.

There are three tracks on each magstripe 14 or 16, and each of the tracks are approximately 0.110 inch wide. The ISO/IEC standard 7811 used by banks

specifies:

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1. Track one is 210 bits per inch (bpi) and holds 79 six-bit plus

parity bit read-only characters;

2. Track two is 75 bpi and holds 40 four-bit plus parity bit

characters: and

3. Track three is 210 bpi and holds 107 four-bit plus parity bit

characters.

Card 10 uses the first two tracks while the third track is a read/write track that

includes an encrypted PIN, country code, currency units and authorized amounts.

The usage of the third track is not standardized among banks.

As explained above, there are two ways a user may use card 10. In the first

manner, strips 14 and/or 16 include account information that is rewritten using a bar

code writer device 22. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention,

however, device 22 is not necessary because strips 14 and/or 16 are only written

once so that when a merchant swipes card 10, management system 26 is contacted

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and system 26 then determines which account to use. In the alternative case, strips

14 and/or 16 are continually rewritten with account information so that when a

merchant swipes card 10, credit card management gateway 40 is directly contacted

without first interfacing with management system 26.

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Strip 16 contains telephone minute account information that may be similarly

updated by interfacing with database 28 via gateway 26.

In addition to using card 10 to make internet purchases or purchases from

various merchants, card 10 can also be used to increase the speed of transactions

at fast food restaurants. In particular, card 10 is linked to database 28 that includes

separate account information corresponding to particular restaurants (McDonalds,

Burger King, etc.).

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The account information relating to these restaurants may be in the form of

credit or may be a prepaid account that can only be used for those particular

restaurants. In either case, the user presents card 10 at time of payment for the

product. The use of card 10 significantly decreases the transaction time for each

order. In this regard, over 75% of transaction time in fast food restaurants is

expended in the process of "making change" for customers. Therefore, by

decreasing the time spent on this process, the restaurant is able to process

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substantially more orders which directly translates to increased revenue for the

restaurant.

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FIGURE 5 illustrates the interface between a client 52 and database 28 of

management system 26 using a GUI that is available on standard internet browsers

as is well-known by those skilled in the art.

Management system 26 allows client 52 to log into database 28 to view

account information for all of the accounts in system 26 using a single login and a

single password. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, database 28

is a large transactional database that is well-known by a person skilled in the art

(e.g., Oracle™, Microsoft SQL Server™, MySQL™).

At a decision block 54, system 26 determines if client 52 is a first time user. If

client 52 is a first time user, then client 52 registers with system 26 for an account in

a block 56 by entering into database 28 relevant personal information along with

particular information for every account to be managed by system 26. If client 52 is

not a first time user, then client 52 chooses among other options.

As illustrated in FIGURE 4, based on database 28, system 26 selects a

particular account for authorization in a block 58. If the transaction is approved by

gateway 40 in a block 60, then the approved decision is transmitted back to

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database 28, which is then routed to the merchant. If the transaction is not

approved by gateway in a block 62, then system 26 iterates through client 52's

accounts to requery gateway 40.

In an alternative embodiment of the present invention, gateway 40 is

eliminated and system 26 also functions as a bank that directly authorizes

transactions without having to query any additional gateways.

Payments to particular client accounts are made via a payment block 64.

Client 52 also has the ability to freeze particular accounts via freeze block 66.

Finally, information is continually updated in database 28 via an update block 68. In

addition to relying on clients 52 to update information, data in database 28 pertaining

to account information may also be automatically updated when system 26

interfaces with particular accounts for payment or other transactions.

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The information relating to the client accounts includes available balances,

interest rate, payment due date, minimum amounts due, account numbers, issuing

bank, late fee policies, overlimit fee policies, etc. In the preferred embodiment of the

present invention, client 52 pays a percentage of each transaction for the

management of the multiple credit accounts with system 26. In the alternative, a

monthly fee may be charged for use of management system 26.

As described above, database 28 filters purchases by selecting credit

accounts using a particular predefined user criteria. For example, purchases may

be applied against a credit account with the lowest interest rate.

5 Referring to FIGURE 6, client 52 activates card 10 in a block 70. Personal

information is entered in a block 72, and specific account data is entered in a block

74. Finally, in a block 76, client 52 has the option to apply for overdraft protection

that includes notification via email of overdrafts.

Referring to FIGURE 7, client 52 may choose a parental control feature in a

block 78. Client 52 enters a pin number for each member of the family that intends

on using card 10 in block 80. Client 52 also assigns a monthly limit for each pin

number in a block 82. Client 52 may also assign a card pin number to card 10 in a

block 84.

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Referring to FIGURE 8, client 52 chooses to view transactions from a web

page implemented in system 26 via a block 86. A series of different tabs for various

transactions are displayed via a block 88. The transactions include a deposit

transaction 90, a withdrawal transaction 92, an electronic mail transaction 94, and a

general account transaction 96.

In a Customer Service Center 98 of system 26 in FIGURE 9, client 52 views

account information via a block 100. Account information includes a block 102 for

updating addresses, a block 104 for updating email addresses, a block 106 for

requesting PIN information, a block 108 for viewing an account history, a block 110

for reporting lost or stolen cards, a block 112 for updating bank information, a block

114 for signing up for online statements, and a block 116 for updating passwords.

As illustrated in FIGURE 10, there is a contact block 118 in Customer Service

Center 98 that includes a telephone number 120, a facsimile number 122, a

correspondence address 124, a wire transfer routing information block 126, a listing

of payment addresses 128 and a listing of email inquiry addresses 130.

As illustrated in FIGURE 11, there is a frequently asked questions block 132

in Customer Service Center 98 that includes a general questions block 134, a bill

payment block 136, a password question block 138, a technical question block 140,

a recent activity block 142 and a statement block 144.

Finally, as illustrated in FIGURE 12, there is an accounts block 146 that

applies to both personal and/or business accounts. System 26 is designed to

accommodate both individual clients and business clients. In this regard, each of

the specific accounts are examples and not limited to a particular type of account.

Examples of types include financial 148. some account accounts

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telecommunications/media accounts 150, utility accounts 152 and miscellaneous

accounts 154.

Financial accounts 148 include credit, debit, checking, savings, retirement

(401k, etc.), stocks/bonds, third party (eTrade™, etc.), annuities, mortgages, lines of

credit, student loans, car loans, deferred contributions, etc.

Telecommunication/media accounts 150 include telephone (minutes, wired,

cellular, DSL, ISDN), television (cable), PDA internet access, etc.

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Utility accounts 152 include gas, water, electric, etc.

Other miscellaneous accounts 154 include airline mileage, department stores,

gas stations, gifts/certificates, fast food restaurants, credit reports, etc.

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If a primary account is denied authorization, then an alternative account may

be queried based on the predefined criteria established by client 52 via system 26

interfacing with database 28. These parameters associated with database 28

include which credit account to use, not allowing a person to go over the credit limit

of a particular credit account, allowing a person to use a different credit account if

another credit account does not have enough available credit for the purchase

instead of incurring overlimit fees, and splitting a large purchase among several

different accounts.

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System 26 also searches for the credit account with the lowest interest rate

prior to processing the transaction. If the account with the lowest interest rate does

not have enough credit available for the purchase, database 28 will identify the next

lowest interest rate account for the purchase and query if there is enough credit

available to complete the transaction.

As explained above, system 26 may also split the amount of the particular

purchase between the multiple credit accounts by using all of the credit available on

the lowest interest credit account and applying the remaining amount of the

purchase to the next lowest interest rate credit account.

System 26 provides client 52 with the convenience of not having to carry

around multiple credit cards and money saving opportunities. In particular, client 52

uses card 10 to access all current credit cards by simply "activating" a membership.

System 26 further alerts clients 52 with due dates of payments for individual

credit accounts and may withdraw necessary funds from a savings account, a

checking account, or another credit account to automatically cover the payment for a

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particular credit account. Clients 52 may also choose to implement this automatic

payment system only if a payment is not received in time to avoid late fees.

As illustrated in FIGURE 7, client 52 also has the option of requesting a pin

number that must be entered at the moment a card is presented for a transaction.

This pin number must be entered in order for the transaction to be processed,

thereby adding an extra measure of security against stolen or lost cards, or against

children attempting to use a credit account without parental approval.

Client 52 may also assign a limited amount of money to be used per

transaction, thereby limiting and supervising funds being used by children.

Management system 26 allows client 52 to access and manage all credit and

other accounts using a single login and associated password, provides clients 52

with monetary savings based on automatically applying transactions to the lowest

interest rate credit account, provides overdraft protection thereby reducing the

number of overdraft fees, protects against fraudulent activity with the use of separate

pin numbers, supervises third-party use (e.g., children) of card 10 with PIN numbers,

reduces the number of cards a client has to access in order to complete a

transaction and provides credit protection.

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The scope of the application is not to be limited by the description of the

preferred embodiments described above, but is to be limited solely by the scope of

the claims that follow. For example, a bar code writing device may be used to write

specific bar codes associated with particular accounts without interfacing with

system 26 without departing from the scope of the preferred embodiment of the

present invention.

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